

Barriers. The German air attacks continued only until April 1940. The base was finally closed in 1956.

Febbraio (1862). The chief spokesmen were the novelists Giuseppe Rovani and Emilio Praga

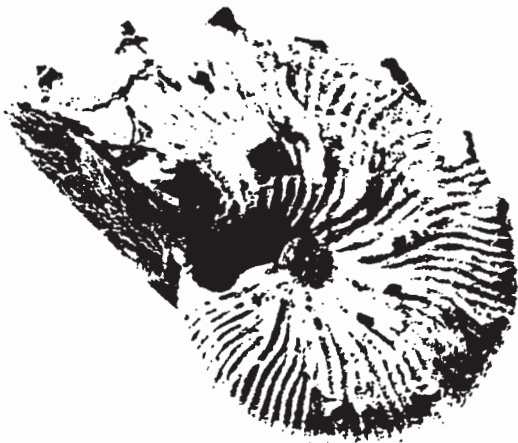
foot (the small- and unstressed per line; and the of scansion is to ity to the ways n a poem con- poem's metrical its meaning. of English scan- and the acous- used in graphic type of scansion, syllable that is resent a syllable a vertical line tween feet; and show a caesura, se. Using these gins by marking cented syllables m of speech. It subtle variations a highly simpli-

scapegoat, Hebrew SA'IR LA-'AZA'ZEL ("goat for Azazel"), in the Old Testament ritual of Yom Kippur (Lev. 16:8-10), a goat symbolically burdened with the sins of the Jewish people. Some scholars believe that the animal was chosen by lot to placate Azazel, a wilderness demon, then thrown over a precipice outside Jerusalem to rid the nation of its iniquities. By extension, a scapegoat has come to mean any group or individual that innocently bears the blame of others.

The use of scapegoats has a long and varied history involving many kinds of animals, as well as human beings. In ancient Greece, human scapegoats (*pharmakos*) were used to mitigate a plague or other calamity or even to prevent such ills. The Athenians chose a man and woman for the festival of Thargelia. After being feasted, the couple was led around the town, beaten with green twigs, driven out of the city, and possibly even stoned. In this way the city was supposedly protected from ill fortune for another year.

During the Roman feast of Lupercalia, priests (Luperci) cut thongs from the sacrificial animals (goats and a dog), then raced around the walls of the old Palatine city, striking women (especially) as they passed with the thongs. A blow from the hide of the scapegoat was said to cure sterility. In early Roman law an innocent person was allowed to take upon himself the penalty of another who had confessed his own guilt. Christianity reflects this notion in its doctrine of justification and in its belief that Jesus Christ was the God-man who died to atone for the sins of all mankind.

Scaphites, extinct genus of cephalopods (animals related to the modern octopus, squid, and nautilus) found as fossils in marine deposits. Because *Scaphites* is restricted to certain divisions of Cretaceous time (the Cretaceous Period began 136,000,000 years ago and lasted 71,000,000 years) it is a useful index, or guide, fossil. Its shell form and manner of growth are quite unusual. At first, the shell in *Scaphites* is tightly coiled; later, it grows in



Scaphites. Middle to Upper Cretaceous in age; from Cheyenne River, Wasta, S.D.

By courtesy of the Buffalo Museum of Science, Buffalo, N.Y.



U.S., WW.II

THE ENEMY AS STRANGER

Consensual Paranoia

ulite, greenschist, and skarns. Principal occurrences are Quebec and Ontario, Canada; Kiruna, Swed.; Pennsylvania, United States; and Queensland, Australia. These minerals

scapula, also called one of the shoulder an it is triangular an the back between d eighth ribs. Its po- liquely by a prom- icht divides the bone e supraspinous and ine and fossae give at act in rotating the e acromion, a proce e clavicle, or collarb- rm the upper part e lateral apex of th d presents a shallow y, which articulates w the upper arm, the oulder joint. Overha a beaklike projectio- hich completes the s- argins of the scapul at aid in moving or- manded by moveme-

ar, mark left on the re or wound; it lacks : tissue that normally itation. Often, scars hy. Most of them : y inhibit motion c ur becomes an exce- led a keloid (q.v.), : wound's original li- : cially those resulting third-degree burns, : ange. Treatment of : stic surgeons to be riant problems.

rab, Latin SCARAB. n religion, importan a dung beetle. The ieved that the beetle dung, which it roll- isumed; they saw it- tle a microcosm of nature, and particula- the sun. The scarab- enduring human so- s of dead beetles ha- ials of the earliest pe- arabs of various ma- ig most common, fo- Egyptian antiquities e the bases inscrib- gns and are simult- s. First appearing in : 686-c. 2160 BC) wi- so-called button sea- l Middle Kingdom. Some were used. e others were purel- e large basalt "hear- dom (1567-1085- h were placed in th- nged scarab migh- it, and later a numb- placed about the b- : seal type of scar-

most common, and nu- have been found. Spiral- cials were characterist-